

WALK THE TALK //////////////////////////////////////

This page is designed for you to apply what you have learned from the Scriptures. Our goal is not just “to know” but to “act upon what we know.” (His Word, Our Walk!) We encourage you to discuss the following questions with family, friends and your group.



FOR DISCUSSION:

1. What part of the review was most helpful and why?
2. Of the three examples of belief in the resurrection, which do you like best? Reasons?
3. Of the examples of the resurrection body, which is most useful to you and why?
4. What do you like most about the comparison of the natural and spiritual body?
5. Does anything stand out to you as an “a-ha” from this study?

BELIEVE

- B - BEHOLDERS of the Resurrection (1-11)
- E - ESSENTIALNESS of the Resurrection (12-19)
- L - LESSONS of the Resurrection (20–28)
- I - INQUIRIES about the Resurrection (29–34)
- E - ESSENCE of the Resurrection (35–49)
- V - VICTORY of the Resurrection (50–57)
- E - ENCOURAGEMENT of the Resurrection (58)



April 7 & 8, 2018 | Victory #3 | 1Cor. 15:29-44 | Dennis Miller, pastor

TWO LESSONS FOR THIS SERIES

1. The resurrection of the _____ and the _____ of the same for His followers is the centerpiece of Christianity.
2. There are _____ reasons for believing in the resurrection.

LET'S REVIEW

1. _____ in the Corinthian church did not believe in the _____ resurrection.
2. Paul had shared the good news that Jesus had indeed been _____ from the dead; that there is _____ of evidence for that resurrection; and, in fact, that the raising of Jesus was just the _____ of many good things that God has planned.
3. A bodily resurrection was _____ to the Greek philosophy of Paul's day, but it was an Old Testament _____ that was understood clearly by most early Christians.

Job 19:26 And after my skin has been destroyed, yet in my flesh I will see God; Acts 2:31 Seeing what was to come, he spoke of the resurrection of the Messiah, that he was not abandoned to the realm of the dead, nor did his body see decay. 32 God has raised this Jesus to life, and we are all witnesses of it.

EXAMPLES THAT PEOPLE DO BELIEVE IN THE RESURRECTION

1Cor. 15:29 Now if there is no resurrection, what will those do who are baptized for the dead? If the dead are not raised at all, why are people baptized for them? 30 And as for us, why do we endanger ourselves every hour? 31 I face death every day—yes, just as surely as I boast about you in Christ Jesus our Lord. 32 If I fought wild beasts in Ephesus with no more than human hopes, what have I gained? If the dead are not raised, “Let us eat and drink, for tomorrow we die.” 33 Do not be misled: “Bad company corrupts good character.” 34 Come back to your senses as you ought, and stop sinning; for there are some who are ignorant of God—I say this to your shame.

Example #1: Some people were so _____ of the resurrection (afterlife) that they were being baptized for _____ loved ones. (Note that the Corinthians had a fascination with _____. The word “baptize” is used in _____ verses in the letters of the New Testament and _____ of those verses are in 1 Corinthians.)

1Cor. 1:13 Is Christ divided? Was Paul crucified for you? Were you baptized in the name of Paul? 14 I thank God that I did not baptize any of you except Crispus and Gaius, 15 so no one can say that you were baptized in my name.

1Cor. 10:1 For I do not want you to be ignorant of the fact, brothers and sisters, that our ancestors were all under the cloud and that they all passed through the sea. 2 They were all baptized into Moses in the cloud and in the sea.

1Cor. 12:13 For we were all baptized by one Spirit so as to form one body—whether Jews or Gentiles, slave or free—and we were all given the one Spirit to drink.

— It was possibly the _____ Christians among the church who held this view because of _____ practices and Judas Maccabees (2Macc. 12:43-45).

— Paul was not _____ baptizing for the dead but he used it as an _____ of how important the resurrection is to some people.

Example #2: Paul himself proved his _____ in the resurrection by facing _____ daily for Christ.

— Did Paul actually _____ wild beasts? (Some believe that Paul did fight _____ in the arena, and others believe that the wild beasts were the crazed _____ of Ephesus.)

Example #3: _____ the ungodly say, “Let us eat and drink, for tomorrow we die.” The Corinthians were followers of Christ who didn’t _____ like this!

Isaiah 22:13 . . . “Let us eat and drink,” you say, “for tomorrow we die!”

EXAMPLES OF THE RESURRECTION BODY

1Cor. 15:35 But someone will ask, “How are the dead raised? With what kind of body will they come?” 36 How foolish! What you sow does not come to life unless it dies. 37 When you sow, you do not plant the body that will be, but just a seed, perhaps of wheat or of something else. 38 But God gives it a body as he has determined, and to each kind of seed he gives its own body. 39 Not all flesh is the same: People have one kind of flesh, animals have another, birds another and fish another. 40 There are also heavenly bodies and there are earthly bodies; but the splendor of the heavenly bodies is one kind, and the splendor of the earthly bodies is another. 41 The sun has one kind of splendor, the moon another and the stars another; and star differs from star in splendor.

Although Christians common ask “what kind of body will we have in heaven?”, Paul thinks it’s a _____ question.

Example #1: A _____ planted in the _____. (Jesus had used this _____ illustration!)

John 12:23 Jesus replied, “The hour has come for the Son of Man to be glorified. 24 Very truly I tell you, unless a kernel of wheat falls to the ground and dies, it remains only a single seed. But if it dies, it produces many seeds.

What happens to a seed? It _____; it rots; new _____ springs from it; the new “_____” produces the same “seeds”; the new body is consistent with every _____ of seed.

Example #2: There are different types of _____ (animals, birds, fish, etc.). God has a specific flesh for the _____.

Example #3: God is _____ with creating bodies (sun, moon, stars, etc.). Each one is _____, and yet _____.

A “PICTURE” OF YOUR FUTURE BODY

1Cor. 15:42 So will it be with the resurrection of the dead. The body that is sown is perishable, it is raised imperishable; 43 it is sown in dishonor, it is raised in glory; it is sown in weakness, it is raised in power; 44 it is sown a natural body, it is raised a spiritual body. If there is a natural body, there is also a spiritual body.

Your Current Body	Your New Body
1	1
2	2
3	3
_____ (ψυχικός, psychikos)	_____ (πνευματικός, pneumatikos)
If you are _____ of this one.	You can also be _____ of this one.